

# Resource Provisioning and Dynamic Resource Management in Intelligent Transportation Systems

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# Scenario 1: Unanticipated Traffic Jams (1/2)



- Imagine heading out to work in the morning
- Traffic News on TV show no traffic problems
- You find the traffic moving smoothly at the beginning

# Scenario 1: Unanticipated Traffic Jams (2/2)



- But soon you find yourself in a traffic jam
- And you just passed the exit ramp so you are stuck 😞



# Scenario 2: A Dangerous Blind Curve



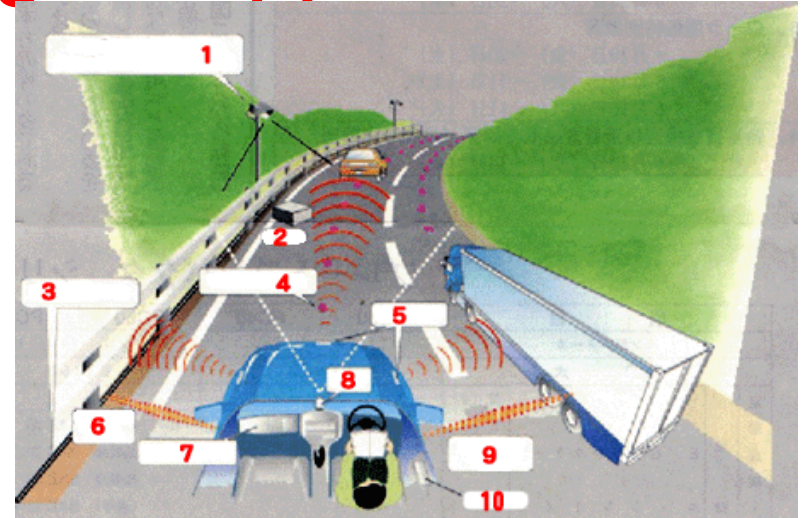
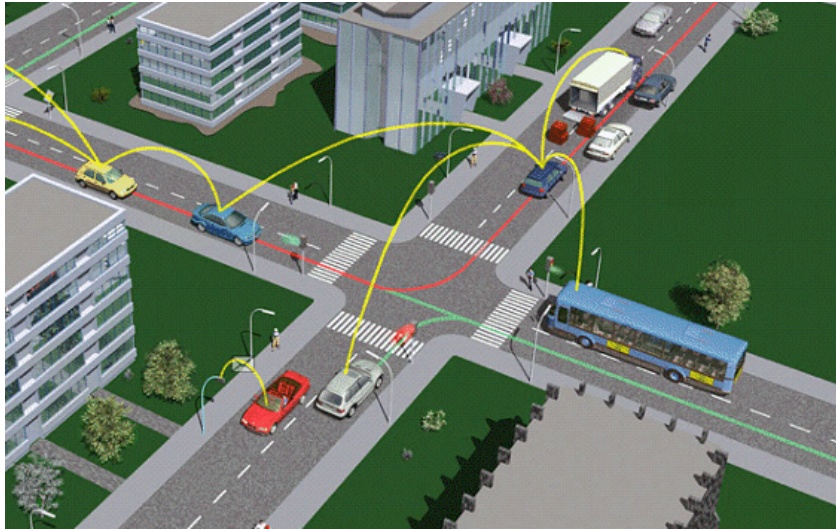
- One lane bridge
- Cannot see oncoming traffic behind the blind curve

# Many More Cases of Societal Impact

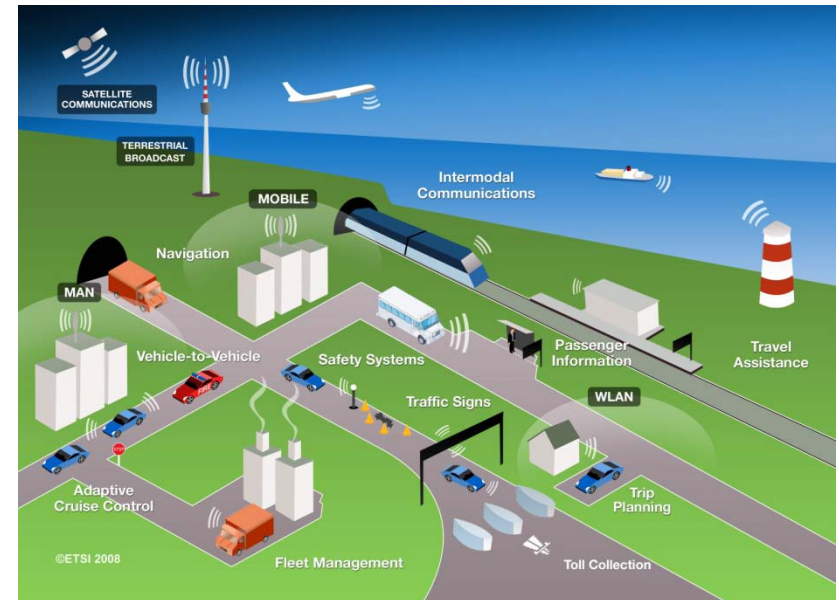
- **Safety:**
  - An intersection where one road has a stop sign, and cross traffic does not stop
  - Lane changing and the “blind spot” problem
  - Collision avoidance by maintaining safe separation
  - Red light running: Traffic light shows up just behind a hill
  - Slippery and icy roads
- **Entertainment:** Kids in a vehicle want to watch a movie streamed over the network
- **Maintenance:** Monitoring vehicular health status periodically
- **Law enforcement:** Querying for registration and emission status

Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) is an emerging area of research tailored to address these requirements

# Common Traits Among ITS Applications



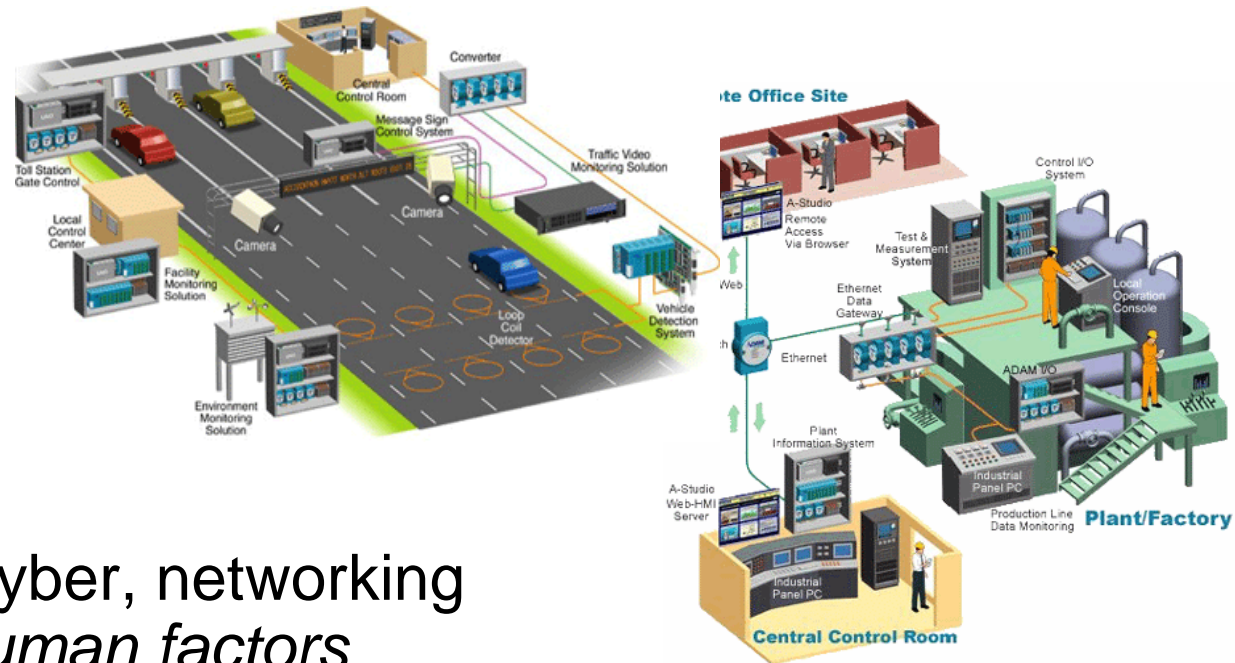
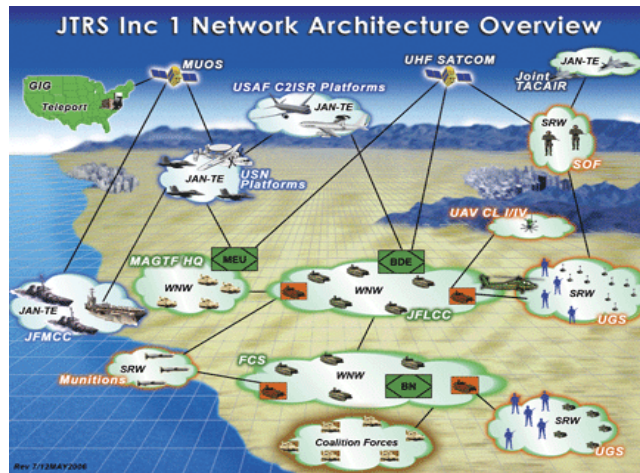
- Wireless medium, mobility => adhoc networks
- Substantial sensing and control of physical artifacts
- Real-time and reliable dissemination of information
- Unanticipated events and resource fluctuations
- Human factors



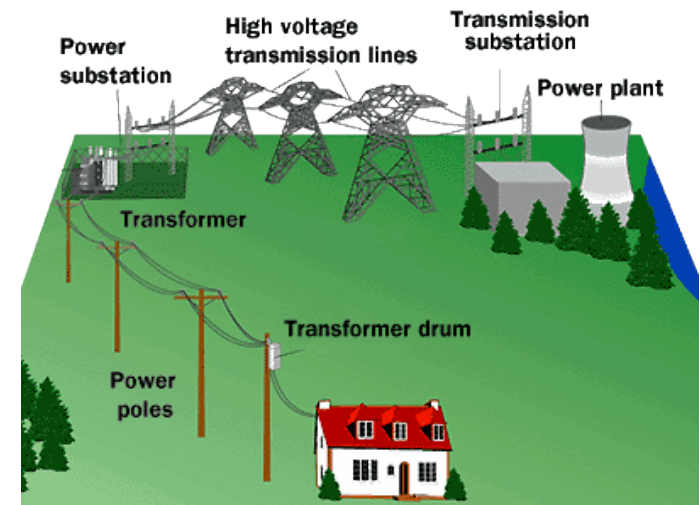
Resource provisioning & dynamic resource management is key



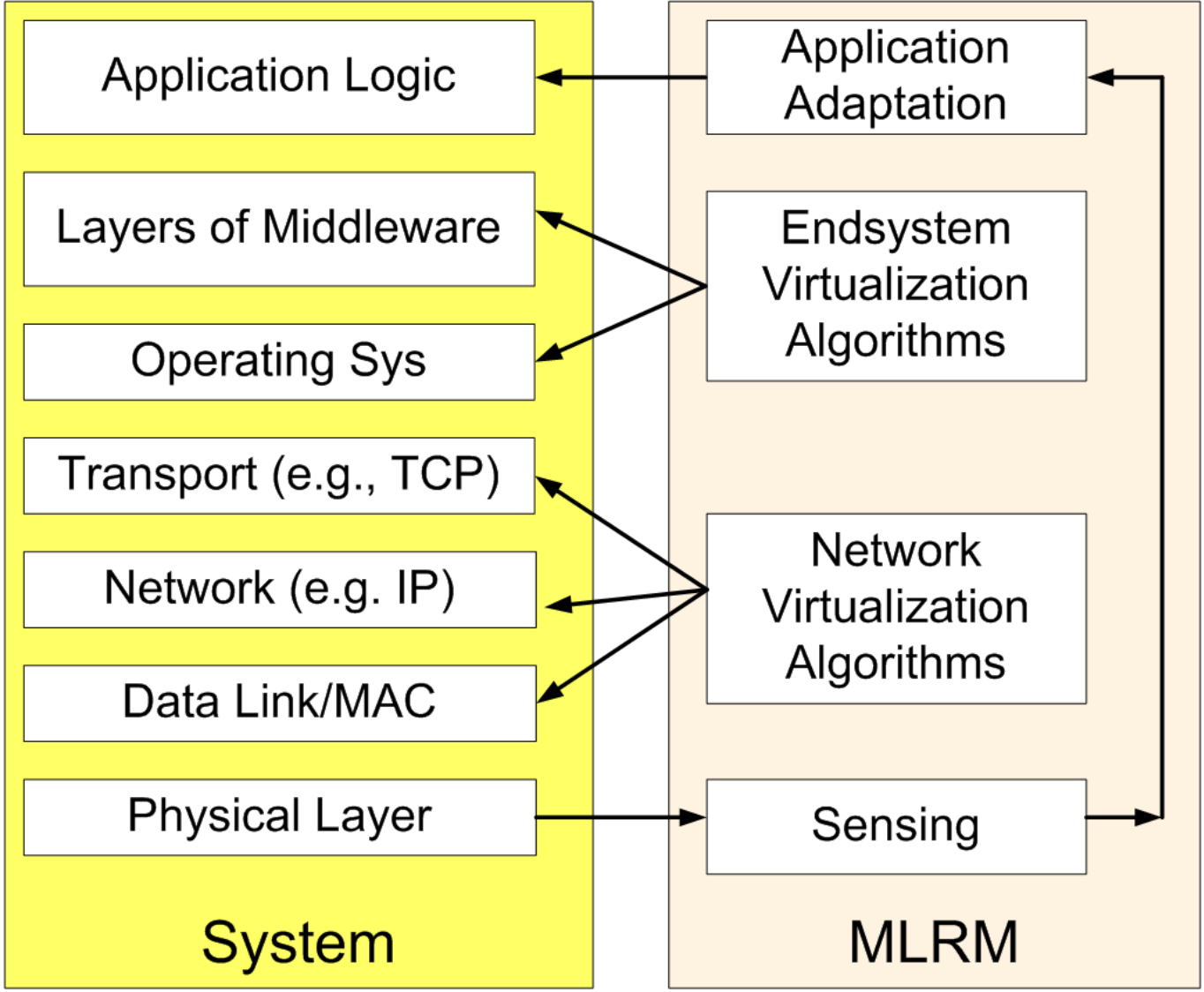
# Cyber Physical Systems: A Promising Framework



- Tight integration of cyber, networking & physics, & *even human factors*
- Software controls the physics; physics impacts software design and its operation
- Sensing & actuation
- Multiple QoS properties: real-time, fault-tolerance, security



# Integrated Multi-layered Resource Management



Tight integration between multiple layers of resource management



# CPS R&D is Hard

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- Highly interdisciplinary – no single expertise suffices
    - Networking (wireless, mobile)
    - Sensing/control
    - Real-time, reliable computing
    - Design optimization
  - Development and testing is hard – very hard to create a testbed to test the solutions
    - Need mobile devices that can be controlled
    - Networking technologies and software
  - Simulations are a promising initial approach – but no single simulation tool suffices
    - Traffic modeling (e.g., SUMO does microscopic traffic modeling)
    - Network simulation (e.g., OMNeT++, NS2 for networks)
    - Embedded control (e.g., Matlab/Simulink, Ptolemy)
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