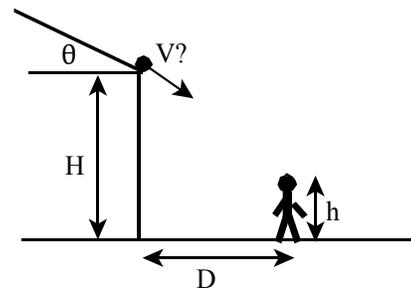


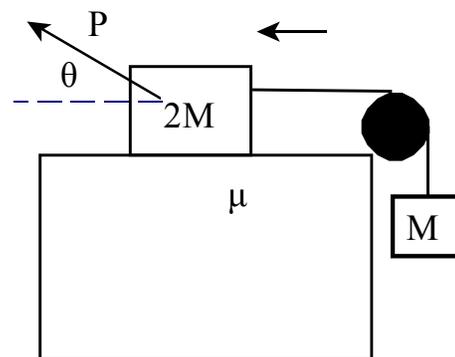
Physics 1135 Test 1 Preparation Homework

1. Students roll a snowball from a roof that makes an angle θ with respect to the horizontal. The snowball leaves the roof with speed V , at height H above the ground. A physics professor is standing a horizontal distance D away from the building; the professor's head is at height h above the ground.



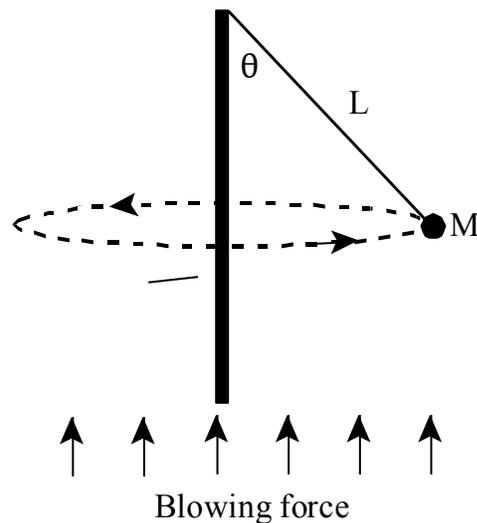
- Complete the diagram with all information necessary for the task below.
- Derive an expression for the initial speed V the snowball must have in order to hit the professor's head.
- Derive an expression for the speed with which the snowball hits the professor's head. You may use V as a system parameter for this part.

2. A block of mass $2M$ is moving to the left on a rough horizontal surface because a constant pulling force of magnitude P is applied to the block at an angle θ with respect to the horizontal. The block remains in contact with the surface at all times, and the coefficient of kinetic friction between block and surface is μ . The block is connected to the end of a massless string that runs over a massless frictionless pulley. A block of mass M is suspended from the other end of the string.



- On the figure, superimpose fully labeled free-body diagrams for each block, including all information that you need to solve the task below.
- (OSE) Derive an expression for the tension in the string in terms of relevant system parameters.

3. A tether-ball of mass M is suspended from a pole by a cord of length L . This particular tether ball court is located directly above a very large fan which cools the players by providing a wind that blows with a constant upward force on the ball with a magnitude that is one-half of the ball's weight magnitude.



- On the diagram, superimpose a fully labeled free-body diagram for the ball.
- Derive an expression, in terms of relevant system parameters, for the speed V of the ball when the ball is revolving at constant speed in a horizontal circle such that the cord makes an angle θ with the pole.