Model 101A02
ICP® Dynamic Pressure Sensor
Installation and Operating Manual

For assistance with the operation of this product, contact the Division of PCB Piezotronics, Inc.
Division toll-free 888-684-0015
24-hour SensorLine™ 716-684-0001
Fax 716-686-9129
E-mail pressure@pcb.com
The information contained in this document supersedes all similar information that may be found elsewhere in this manual.

**Total Customer Satisfaction** – PCB Piezotronics guarantees Total Customer Satisfaction. If, at any time, for any reason, you are not completely satisfied with any PCB product, PCB will repair, replace, or exchange it at no charge. You may also choose to have your purchase price refunded in lieu of the repair, replacement, or exchange of the product.

**Service** – Due to the sophisticated nature of the sensors and associated instrumentation provided by PCB Piezotronics, user servicing or repair is not recommended and, if attempted, may void the factory warranty. Routine maintenance, such as the cleaning of electrical connectors, housings, and mounting surfaces with solutions and techniques that will not harm the physical material of construction, is acceptable. Caution should be observed to insure that liquids are not permitted to migrate into devices that are not hermetically sealed. Such devices should only be wiped with a dampened cloth and never submerged or have liquids poured upon them.

**Repair** – In the event that equipment becomes damaged or ceases to operate, arrangements should be made to return the equipment to PCB Piezotronics for repair. User servicing or repair is not recommended and, if attempted, may void the factory warranty.

**Calibration** – Routine calibration of sensors and associated instrumentation is recommended as this helps build confidence in measurement accuracy and acquired data. Equipment calibration cycles are typically established by the users own quality regimen. When in doubt about a calibration cycle, a good “rule of thumb” is to recalibrate on an annual basis. It is also good practice to recalibrate after exposure to any severe temperature extreme, shock, load, or other environmental influence, or prior to any critical test.

PCB Piezotronics maintains an ISO-9001 certified metrology laboratory and offers calibration services, which are accredited by A2LA to ISO/IEC 17025, with full traceability to N.I.S.T. In addition to the normally supplied calibration, special testing is also available, such as: sensitivity at elevated or cryogenic temperatures, phase response, extended high or low frequency response, extended range, leak testing, hydrostatic pressure testing, and others. For information on standard recalibration services or special testing, contact your local PCB Piezotronics distributor, sales representative, or factory customer service representative.

**Returning Equipment** – Following these procedures will insure that your returned materials are handled in the most expedient manner. Before returning any equipment to PCB Piezotronics, contact your local distributor, sales representative, or factory customer service representative to obtain a Return
Materials Authorization (RMA) Number. This RMA number should be clearly marked on the outside of all package(s) and on the packing list(s) accompanying the shipment. A detailed account of the nature of the problem(s) being experienced with the equipment should also be included inside the package(s) containing any returned materials.

A Purchase Order, included with the returned materials, will expedite the turn-around of serviced equipment. It is recommended to include authorization on the Purchase Order for PCB to proceed with any repairs, as long as they do not exceed 50% of the replacement cost of the returned item(s). PCB will provide a price quotation or replacement recommendation for any item whose repair costs would exceed 50% of replacement cost, or any item that is not economically feasible to repair. For routine calibration services, the Purchase Order should include authorization to proceed and return at current pricing, which can be obtained from a factory customer service representative.

Warranty – All equipment and repair services provided by PCB Piezotronics, Inc. are covered by a limited warranty against defective material and workmanship for a period of one year from date of original purchase. Contact PCB for a complete statement of our warranty. Expendable items, such as batteries and mounting hardware, are not covered by warranty. Mechanical damage to equipment due to improper use is not covered by warranty. Electronic circuitry failure caused by the introduction of unregulated or improper excitation power or electrostatic discharge is not covered by warranty.

Contact Information – International customers should direct all inquiries to their local distributor or sales office. A complete list of distributors and offices can be found at www.pcb.com. Customers within the United States may contact their local sales representative or a factory customer service representative. A complete list of sales representatives can be found at www.pcb.com. Toll-free telephone numbers for a factory customer service representative, in the division responsible for this product, can be found on the title page at the front of this manual. Our ship to address and general contact numbers are:

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Depew, NY 14043 USA
Toll-free: (800) 828-8840
24-hour SensorLine℠: (716) 684-0001
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E-mail: info@pcb.com
1.0 INTRODUCTION

These two miniature sensor series are intended for general purpose pressure measurements. Eight models in the series, 101A02, 101A03, 101A04, 101A06, 111A22 and 111A23, 111A24 and 111A26 are acceleration compensated.

Models 101A, 101A05, and 111A21 are designed for applications where acceleration compensation is not required.

Other applications for these sensors include the monitoring of pulsating pneumatic and hydraulic pressures in R & D and industrial applications.

2.0 DESCRIPTION

This series consists of sensors with three basic mechanical configurations and six different sensitivities (.5, 1.0, 5.0, 10, 40 and 50 mV/psi). Each model is basically similar in internal design and construction.

The pressure element used in the 101A, 101A05 and 111A21 sensors is the Model 111A. The acceleration-compensated models in both the 101A and 111A20 Series use the Model 113A quartz element.

These elements consist of an IC source follower amplifier and an acceleration-compensated or non-compensated quartz package. The amplifier and element are joined as an inseparable unit.

Refer to "General Guide to ICP® Instrumentation," G-0001 for a complete treatment of the ICP® concept.

The Models 111A21, 111A22, 111A23, 111A24 and 111A26 are in the basic probe configuration as illustrated below and are installed with a hollow clamp nut with 5/16-24 external threads.

The housing of these models is at electrical ground potential.

The Models 101A02, 101A03, 101A04, 101A05 and 101A06 use the same basic pressure probe mounted in a 3/8-24 threaded mounting adaptor with shoulder seal. The probe is assembled into the adaptor at the factory in an "off-ground" configuration, i.e. the probe body is electrically insulated from the external mounting adaptor body. Do not attempt to disassemble probe and adaptor.
OPERATION MANUAL FOR
ICP® PRESSURE SENSORS
MODELS 101A, A02, A03, A04, A05, A06
MODELS 111A21, A22, A23, A24, A26

3.0 INSTALLATION

Accompanying this manual is an installation drawing for your specific model. Prepare mounting ports in accordance with the installation drawing for the specific model, paying particular attention to sealing surfaces.

These surfaces must be smooth and free from chatter marks, nicks, and other irregularities which could preclude a pressure-tight seal.

Seals are provided with each sensor and should always be used. Extra seals for all standard models are in stock at the factory. Replace seals when they become unserviceable.

3.1 FLASH TEMPERATURE PROTECTION

In some cases, e.g. where flash temperatures such as those generated by combustion processes are present, it may be necessary to thermally insulate the diaphragm to minimize spurious signals generated by these effects.

Common black vinyl electrical tape has been found to be an effective insulating material in many cases. One or more layers may be used across the end of the diaphragm without affecting response or sensitivity.

A silicone rubber coating approximately .010 inches thick has also been proven effective in many applications. General Electric RTV type 106 silicone rubber is recommended.

Apply the rubber coating and allow to cure in accordance with the manufacturer’s instructions. Use standard coaxial cable between the sensor and power unit.

4.0 OPERATION

It is necessary only to supply the sensor with a 2 to 20 mA constant current at +20 to +30 VDC through a current-regulating diode or equivalent circuit. See Guide G-0001B for powering and signal conditioning information pertaining to all ICP® instrumentation.

Most of the signal conditioners manufactured by PCB have an adjustable current feature allowing a choice of input currents from 2 to 20 mA. In general, for lowest noise (best resolution), choose the lower current ranges. When driving long cables (to several
thousand feet), use the higher current, up to 20 mA maximum. Consult the factory to determine if higher current settings are required.

Switch power on and observe reading of bias monitoring voltmeter on front panel of power unit.

If indicator is in green section of indicator panel, the IC amplifier is producing proper bias (+8 to 14 VDC), the cable connections are normal, and the system is ready to operate.

If the pointer moves into the red area of the fault monitor meter, output is zero and a short is indicated. Short could be located in amplifier, cable, connectors, or power unit.

If pointer moves into the yellow area of the fault monitor meter, an open circuit is indicated with full power supply voltage. An open circuit could be the result of a faulty amplifier, an open cable, or open connectors.

5.0 POLARITY

This sensor series produces a positive-going output voltage for increasing pressure input.

6.0 LOW-FREQUENCY RESPONSE

The low-frequency response of an ICP® system is determined by:

1. The discharge time constant of the sensor.
2. If AC-coupled at the power unit, the coupling time constant.

Depending upon the sensor's built-in discharge time constant, repetitive output signals slowly or rapidly move toward a stable condition where the average signal level corresponds to a zero voltage position.

In this position, the area contained by the signal above zero is equalized with the area below zero. Such output signal behavior is typical of an AC-coupled system. Since the signal output from the sensor is inherently AC coupled, any static pressure influence applied to the unit will decay away according to the nature of the system’s discharge time constant.

Consult Section 7.0 in General Guide G-0001B for detailed explanation of low-frequency characteristics of ICP® instruments.

7.0 CALIBRATION

Piezoelectric sensors are dynamic devices, but static calibration techniques can be employed if discharge time constants are sufficiently long. Generally, static calibration methods are not employed when testing sensors with a discharge time constant that is less than several hundred seconds.

To calibrate statically, direct couple the sensor to the DVM readout using a T-connector from the "xducer" jack or use the Model 484B in the calibrate mode.

Apply pressure with a dead weight tester and take readings quickly. Release pressure after each calibration point.

For the shorter TC series, rapid step functions of pressure are generated by a pneumatic pressure pulse calibrator or dead weight tester and readout is by recorder or storage oscilloscope.

PCB offers a complete recalibration service. Consult factory for details.

8.0 MAINTENANCE

Although ICP® sensors have low output impedance and are not usually affected by moisture, in extreme environments it is good practice to protect cable connections with shrink tubing.

The miniature size and sealed construction of the 101A and 111A20 ICP® series precludes field maintenance.

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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance</th>
<th>ENGLISH</th>
<th>SI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Measurement Range (for ±5V output)</td>
<td>5 kpsi</td>
<td>34,500 kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Useful Overrange (for ± 10V output)</td>
<td>10 kpsi</td>
<td>69,000 kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensitivity (± 0.1 mV/psi)</td>
<td>1.0 mV/psi</td>
<td>0.145 mV/kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Pressure (static)</td>
<td>15 kpsi</td>
<td>103,000 kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resolution</td>
<td>100 mpsi</td>
<td>0.690 kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resonant Frequency</td>
<td>≥ 400 kHz</td>
<td>≥ 400 kHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rise Time</td>
<td>≤ 1.5 μ sec</td>
<td>≤ 1.5 μ sec</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Low Frequency Response (-5 %)</td>
<td>0.001 Hz</td>
<td>0.001 Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Linearity</td>
<td>≤ 2.0 % FS</td>
<td>≤ 2.0 % FS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Acceleration Sensitivity</td>
<td>≤ 0.002 psi/g</td>
<td>≤ 0.0014 kPa/(m/s²)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Temperature Range (Operating)</td>
<td>-100 to +275 °F</td>
<td>-73 to +135 °C</td>
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<tr>
<td>Temperature Coefficient of Sensitivity</td>
<td>≤ 0.03 %/°F</td>
<td>≤ 0.054 %/°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Flash Temperature</td>
<td>3000 °F</td>
<td>5400 °C</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maximum Shock</td>
<td>20,000 g pk</td>
<td>196,000 m/s² pk</td>
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<tr>
<td>Electrical</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Output Polarity (Positive Pressure)</td>
<td>Positive</td>
<td>Positive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discharge Time Constant (at room temp)</td>
<td>≥ 500 sec</td>
<td>≥ 500 sec</td>
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<tr>
<td>Excitation Voltage</td>
<td>20 to 30 VDC</td>
<td>20 to 30 VDC</td>
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<tr>
<td>Constant Current Excitation</td>
<td>2 to 20 mA</td>
<td>2 to 20 mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output Impedance</td>
<td>&lt;100 ohm</td>
<td>&lt;100 ohm</td>
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<tr>
<td>Output Bias Voltage</td>
<td>8 to 14 VDC</td>
<td>8 to 14 VDC</td>
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<tr>
<td>Electrical Isolation</td>
<td>10⁵ ohm</td>
<td>10⁵ ohm</td>
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<tr>
<td>Physical</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sensing Geometry</td>
<td>Compression</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sensing Element</td>
<td>Quartz</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing Material</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
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<tr>
<td>Diaphragm</td>
<td>Invar</td>
<td>Invar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sealing</td>
<td>Welded Hermetic</td>
<td>Welded Hermetic</td>
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<tr>
<td>Electrical Connector</td>
<td>10-32 Coaxial Jack</td>
<td>10-32 Coaxial Jack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>0.44 oz</td>
<td>12.5 gm</td>
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</table>

**OPTIONAL VERSIONS**

Optional versions have identical specifications and accessories as listed for the standard model except where noted below. More than one option may be used.

- **H** - Hermetic Seal
  - Sealing: Welded Hermetic
  - Supplied Accessory: Model 065A40 Seal ring 0.435" OD x 0.397" ID x 0.030" thk brass (3) replaces Model 065A03

- **M** - Metric Mount
  - Diaphragm: 316L Stainless Steel

- **N** - Negative Output Polarity

- **S** - Stainless Steel Diaphragm

- **W** - Water Resistant Cable

**NOTES:**

- [1] For ±10 volt output, minimum 24 VDC supply voltage required. Negative 10 volt output may be limited by output bias.

**SUPPLIED ACCESSORIES:**

Model 065A03 Seal ring 0.435" OD x 0.377" ID x 0.030" thk brass (3)

**Entered:** ELS  **Engineer:** RF  **Sales:** DPC  **Approved:** MT  **Spec Number:** 101-1020-80

PCB PIEZOTRONICS™  PRESSURE DIVISION
3425 Walden Avenue, Depew, NY 14043

Phone: 716-684-0001  Fax: 716-686-9129  E-Mail: pressure@pcb.com
Electrical Connector
10-32 Thread

Model 061A
Series
Adaptor Body
Mat'l: 17-4PH

Model 065A03
Brass Seal
Model 065A44
Copper Seal
(for 102A11, A13, A14 only)

3/8-24 UNF-2A

Mounting Hole Preparation:
∅.332(∅8.43)
THRU
□ ∅.437(∅11.10)
X .030(.76) □
TAP 3/8-24 UNF-2B
THRU

Mounting Hole Detail

Model 065M29 ST STL Seal Available.

Black Vinyl Electricians Tape Has Been Found to Be an Effective Ablative Material as Is DC-4 Silicone Grease.

If checked, RTV Ablative Coating Has Been Applied to the Diaphragm for Flash Temperature Protection. Replace With: GE Silicone RTV 106

Mounting Torque on 7/16 Hex - 5 to 8 FT LBS(6.78-10.85 NM)

Above Installation Shown For Wall Thickness of .34(8.6) Thick. □ Thicker Walls ∅.75(∅19.0) to Clear .497(11.11) HEX and Allow for Socket Wrench.