

MTH 204
Quiz 6
28 Oct 2005

Name: Key
Section: A/C

Follow the directions carefully. Show all
neatly in pencil.

Ends of Beam	Boundary conditions at $x=a$
Embedded	$y(a)=0$ $y'(a)=0$
Free	$y''(a)=0$ $y'''(a)=0$
Hinged	$y(a)=0$ $y''(a)=0$

Test 3 : 31 Oct, Monday.

LEAD Session - Mondays
6PM Rolla G4.

1. A beam of length L is embedded at its left end and free at its right end. Suppose the beam has a constant load w_0 that is uniformly distributed along its length i.e. $w(x) = w_0, 0 < x < L$. Find the deflection $y(x)$ of the beam that satisfies the equation $EI \frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} = w_0$.

$$\frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} = \frac{w_0}{EI} \quad \begin{cases} y(0) = 0 & y''(L) = 0 \\ y'(0) = 0 & y'''(L) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{d^4 y}{dx^4} = 0 \quad \text{Assume } y(x) = e^{rx}$$

$$y'(x) = r e^{rx}$$

$$y''(x) = r^2 e^{rx}$$

$$y'''(x) = r^3 e^{rx}$$

$$y^{(4)}(x) = r^4 = 0$$

$$r^4 = 0$$

$$r = 0 \text{ mult } 4.$$

$$y_h(x) = c_1 + c_2 x + c_3 x^2 + c_4 x^3$$

$$\text{Find annihilator of } \frac{w_0}{EI} \quad r = 0$$

$$D \left[\frac{w_0}{EI} \right] = 0$$

$$DD^4 y = D \left[\frac{w_0}{EI} \right] = 0$$

$$D^5 y = 0 \quad \text{Assume } y(x) = e^{rx}$$

$$\Rightarrow r^5 = 0$$

$$r = 0 \text{ mult } 5$$

$$y(x) = \underbrace{c_1 + c_2 x + c_3 x^2 + c_4 x^3}_{y_h} + \underbrace{c_5 x^4}_{y_p}$$

$$y_p(x) = Ax^4$$

$$y_p'(x) = 4Ax^3$$

$$y_p''(x) = 12Ax^2$$

$$y_p'''(x) = 24Ax$$

$$y_p^{(4)}(x) = 24A$$

$$y_p^{(4)}(x) = \frac{w_0}{EI}$$

$$24A = \frac{w_0}{EI}$$

$$A = \frac{w_0}{24EI}$$

$$y(x) = c_1 + c_2 x + c_3 x^2 + c_4 x^3 + \frac{w_0}{24EI} x^4$$

$$y'(x) = c_2 + 2c_3 x + 3c_4 x^2 + \frac{w_0}{6EI} x^3$$

$$y''(x) = 2c_3 + 6c_4 x + \frac{w_0}{2EI} x^2$$

$$y'''(x) = 6c_4 + \frac{w_0}{EI} x$$

$$y(0) = c_1 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 = 0 \Rightarrow c_1 = 0$$

$$y'(0) = c_2 + 0 + 0 + 0 = 0 \Rightarrow c_2 = 0$$

$$y''(L) = 2c_3 + 6c_4 L + \frac{w_0 L^2}{2EI} = 0$$

$$y'''(L) = 6c_4 + \frac{w_0 L}{EI} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow c_4 = -\frac{w_0 L}{6EI}$$

$$2c_3 + 6 \left(\frac{-w_0 L}{6EI} \right) L + \frac{w_0 L^2}{2EI} = 0$$

$$2c_3 - \frac{w_0 L^2}{2EI} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow c_3 = \frac{w_0 L^2}{4EI}$$

$$\text{So } y(x) = \frac{w_0 L^2}{4EI} x^2 - \frac{w_0 L}{6EI} x^3 + \frac{w_0}{24EI} x^4$$