Mathematics 204  
Fall 2012  
Exam II

Your Printed Name: ________________________________

Your Instructor’s Name: ________________________________

Your Section (or Class Meeting Days and Time): ________________________________

1. Do not open this exam until you are instructed to begin.

2. All cell phones and other electronic devices must be turned off or completely silenced (i.e. not on vibrate) for the duration of the exam.

3. You are not allowed to use a calculator on this exam.

4. Exam II consists of this cover page, 6 pages of problems containing 6 numbered problems, and a short table of Laplace transforms.

5. Once the exam begins, you will have 60 minutes to complete your solutions.

6. Show all relevant work. No credit will be awarded for unsupported answers and partial credit depends upon the work you show.

7. You may use the back of any page for extra scratch paper, but if you would like it to be graded, clearly indicate in the space of the original problem where the work is to be found.

8. The symbol [17] at the beginning of a problem indicates the point value of that problem is 17. The maximum possible score on this exam is 100.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>problem</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>5</th>
<th>6</th>
<th>Sum</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>points earned</td>
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<tr>
<td>maximum points</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>100</td>
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</table>
1. Find the general solution of each differential equation.

(a) \( y^{(4)} + 4y'' + 4y = 0 \)

(b) \( t^2y'' - 6y = 0 \)
2. [17] Find the general solution of \( y'' + 6y' + 9y = \frac{e^{-3t}}{t^3} \).
3. Solve the initial value problem \( y'' - 2y' - y + 2t = 1, \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = -2, \quad y''(0) = -3. \)
4.[17] [In the following problem, assume that the acceleration of gravity is 9.8 meters per second per second.] A 5 kilogram body hangs from a vertical spring attached to a rigid support. At its equilibrium position, the body stretches the spring 20 centimeters beyond its natural length. The body is acted upon by a downward external force of $10 \sin \left( \frac{t}{2} \right)$ newtons and there is no damping.

(a) If the body is set in motion from a position 10 centimeters below its equilibrium position with an upward initial velocity of 30 centimeters per second, set up, BUT DO NOT SOLVE, an initial value problem that describes the motion of the body.

(b) If the given downward external force is replaced by $4 \cos(\omega t)$ newtons, find the value of the frequency $\omega$ which will cause resonance or explain why there is no such frequency.
5.[16] Use the definition of the Laplace transform,

\[ \mathcal{L}\{f\}(s) = \int_0^\infty f(t)e^{-st}dt \]

for those values of \( s \) for which the improper integral converges, to find the Laplace transform of the function \( f(t) = te^{at} \) where \( a \) is a real constant. For which values of \( s \) is the Laplace transform of \( f \) defined?
6.[16] Find the inverse Laplace transform of \( F(s) = \frac{s^2 + s + 2}{s^3 + s} \).
A SHORT TABLE OF LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$f(t)$</th>
<th>$\mathcal{L}{f}(s) = F(s)$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. $e^{at}$</td>
<td>$\frac{1}{s-a}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. $t^n$</td>
<td>$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}, \ n = 0,1,2,3,\ldots$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. sin$(bt)$</td>
<td>$\frac{b}{s^2 + b^2}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. cos$(bt)$</td>
<td>$\frac{s}{s^2 + b^2}$</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. $f^{(n)}(t)$</td>
<td>$s^n F(s) - s^{n-1} f(0) - \ldots - f^{(n-1)}(0)$</td>
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