

1. Find the truth tables for

(a) $(p \wedge q) \vee \bar{q}$;

(b) $(p \vee q) \wedge \overline{(\bar{p} \vee q)}$.

2. Are the following statements true or false? Prove your claim.

(a) $\forall x \in \mathbb{R} x^2 - 9 = 0$;

(b) $\exists x \in \mathbb{R} x^2 - 9 = 0$;

(c) $\forall x \in \mathbb{R} \exists y \in \mathbb{R} x = y^2$;

(d) $\exists x \in \mathbb{R} \forall y \in \mathbb{R} xy = 0$.

3. Prove the following statements using the Principle of Mathematical Induction:

(a) $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$;

(b) $\forall n \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{1, 2\} 2n + 1 \leq 2^n$.

4. By experimenting with some values of n , guess a formula for the sum

$$\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k(k+1)},$$

and then use mathematical induction to verify your formula.

5. Let $a_n = \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n+1}$, $n \in \mathbb{N}$.

(a) Find $\sum_{k=1}^{100} a_k$ and $\prod_{k=1}^{100} a_k$.

(b) Is a increasing or decreasing? Prove your claim.