- 19. Work on problems 67–82 of Section 2.2 in the textbook.
- 20. Show that for two sequences a_k and b_k we have
 - (a) $\Delta(a_k + b_k) = \Delta a_k + \Delta b_k$;
 - (b) $\Delta(a_k b_k) = \Delta a_k \Delta b_k$;
 - (c) $\Delta(a_k b_k) = (\Delta a_k) b_k + (\Delta b_k) a_{k+1}$;
 - (d) $\Delta \left(\frac{a_k}{b_k} \right) = \frac{(\Delta a_k)b_k (\Delta b_k)a_k}{b_k b_{k+1}}$.
- 21. Let $f_1 = 1$, $f_2 = 2$, and $f_n = f_{n-1} + f_{n-2}$ for $n \ge 2$.
 - (a) Compute the first 10 elements of (the Fibonacci Sequence) f_n .
 - (b) Show that $\sum_{k=1}^n f_k = f_{n+2} 2$ and $\sum_{k=1}^n f_k^2 = f_n f_{n+1} 1$ hold for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
 - (c) Show that $f_{n+2}^2 f_{n+1}^2 = f_n f_{n+3}$ holds for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
 - (d) Show $f_n > \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^n$ for all $n \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $f_n < 2^n$ for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
 - (e) Prove that $\sum_{k=1}^{n} f_{2k-1} = f_{2n} 1$ and $\sum_{k=1}^{n} f_{2k} = f_{2n+1} 1$ hold for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
- 22. Let $a_0 \in (0, \frac{1}{3})$, and $a_{n+1} = a_n(2 3a_n)$ for $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
 - (a) For your choice of a_0 , compute a_k for $k \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$.
 - (b) Show that $\{a_n\}$ is increasing.
 - (c) Show that $\{a_n\}$ is bounded above.
 - (d) Show that $\{a_n\}$ is convergent and compute its limit.
- 23. Let $a_0 \ge \sqrt{3}$, and $a_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2} \left(a_n + \frac{3}{a_n} \right)$ for $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
 - (a) For your choice of a_0 , compute a_k for $k \in \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$.
 - (b) Show that $\{a_n\}$ is decreasing.
 - (c) Show that $\{a_n\}$ is bounded below.
 - (d) Show that $\{a_n\}$ is convergent and compute its limit.
- 24. Read Sections 2.4 and 2.5 of the textbook.