

1. Let $u(x, t) = x^2 e^{tx} + \sqrt{t}$.
 - (a) Find $u_x(x, t)$, $u_t(x, t)$, $u_{xx}(x, t)$, $u_{xt}(x, t)$, $u_{tx}(x, t)$, and $u_{tt}(x, t)$.
 - (b) Find $u_x(5, 3)$, $u_t(x, 2t)$, $u_{xx}(x^2, 9)$, $u_{xt}(2x, 3t)$, $u_{tx}(r + s, 0)$, and $u_{tt}(r, r)$.
2. Show directly that the polynomial $p(x, t) = ax^2 + bxt + ct^2 + dx + et + f$ satisfies $p_{xt} = p_{tx}$.
3. Verify that $u(x, t) = -2xt - x^2$ is a solution of the equation $u_t = xu_{xx}$.
4. Consider the equation $3u_x + 2u_t = 0$.
 - (a) Find a particular solution of the form $u(x, t) = e^{rx+st}$.
 - (b) Discuss the geometric method to find the general solution. What are the characteristic curves? Draw a picture.
 - (c) Discuss the coordinate method to find the general solution. Draw a picture.
 - (d) Find a solution considering the auxiliary condition $u(0, t) = t^2$.
5. Find the general solution of $u_x - 2u_t = 0$.
6. Determine the order of the following PDEs and decide whether they are linear or not.
 - (a) $u_{xx} - x^2 u_{xt} + 4u = 0$;
 - (b) $u_{xxx}^2 - u_{xxt} + 4t = 0$.
7. Find the general solution of the following PDEs. Which of them are linear, homogeneous? What are their orders?
 - (a) $u_x = t \sin x$;
 - (b) $u_{xx} = 1$;
 - (c) $u_{xxt} = 1$;
 - (d) $u_{xx} = u$.
8. Consider the equation $u_{xx} + u_{tt} = 0$.
 - (a) Find a particular solution of the form $u(x, t) = e^{rx+st}$.
 - (b) Do separation of variables.
9. Separate the variables in
 - (a) $x^2 u_{xx} + x u_x - u_t = 0$;
 - (b) $u_x - u_y + 2u_z = 0$.
10. Suppose u is a function of three variables x, y, z . Consider the PDE $au_x + bu_y + cu_z + du = 0$.
 - (a) Find the general solution using the geometric method.
 - (b) Find a solution with $a = 2$, $b = 3$, $c = 1$, and $u(x, 0, z) = \sin z$.