

3. Find and classify the critical points of $f(x, y) = -x^3 + 4xy - 2y^2 + 1$.

4. Suppose two products have demand equations $D_1 = 2000 + \frac{100}{p_1 + 2} + 25p_2$ and

$D_2 = 1500 - \frac{p_2}{p_1 + 7}$, where p_1 and p_2 are the respective prices of the products.

Are the products competitive, complementary, or neither? Give an example of two products that might behave this way.

5. A company manufactures a single product at two different locations. The cost of producing x_1 units at location 1 is $C_1 = 0.02x_1^2 + 4x_1 + 500$, and the cost of producing x_2 units at location 2 is $C_2 = 0.05x_2^2 + 4x_2 + 275$. The product sells for \$15 per unit. Find the quantity that should be produced at each location in order to maximize the total profit.

6. Calculate $\int_4^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{(x^2 + 9)^3}} dx$.

7. The sales revenue of a company is found to be related to its advertising budget according to the formula $S = 20x + y^2 + 4xy$, where x is the amount spent on radio advertising and y is the amount spent on television advertising. If the company plans to spend \$30,000 on these two means of advertising, how should that budget be allocated between the two media in order to maximize sales revenue?