## Physics 2135 Exam 2

October 20, 2015
Exam Total
Printed Name: $\qquad$

Rec. Sec. Letter: $\qquad$
Five multiple choice questions, 8 points each. Choose the best or most nearly correct answer.
$\qquad$ 1. A straight wire segment carries a current $I$. The wire segment is in a region where there is a uniform magnetic field $B$ as shown. What is the direction of the magnetic force on the wire segment?

$[\mathrm{A}] \otimes$
$[\mathrm{B}] \leftarrow$
$[\mathrm{C}] \rightarrow$
[D] $\odot$
2. Three identical light bulbs are connected to a battery as shown in the figure to the right. Which light bulb will dissipate the most power?
[A] bulb (1)
[B] bulb (2)
[B] bulb (3)
[D] all three bulbs will dissipate the same power

_3. A circular current loop has an area of $A=200 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ and is oriented so that the plane of the loop is parallel to a constant magnetic field $B=0.6 \mathrm{~T}$. The magnitude of the torque acting on the current loop is $0.024 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \mathrm{~N}$. What is the current $I$ in the loop?
[A] 1 A
[B] 2 A
[C] 4 A
[D] 0 A

__4. A charged particle moves through a region of space that has both a uniform electric field and a uniform magnetic field. In order for the particle to move through this region at a constant velocity,
[A] the electric and magnetic fields must point in the same direction
[B] the electric and magnetic fields must point in opposite directions
[C] the electric and magnetic fields must point in perpendicular directions
[D] the answer depends on the sign of the particle's electric charge.
$\qquad$ 5. When will I get a picture of a levitating dog on my Physics 2135 exam?
[A] soon
[B] exam 3
[C] ask Dr. Parris
[D] the answer is always magnetism

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6. (40 points total) An air-filled parallel-plate capacitor consists of two square plates of length $L$ and plate separation $d$. It is charged to an initial voltage $V_{0}$.
(a) (10 points) Calculate the energy $U_{0}$ stored in the capacitor in terms of $L, d, V_{0}$, and constants.
(b) (20 points) The capacitor is disconnected from the voltage source. After that, an insulator having a dielectric constant $\kappa>1$ is inserted between the plates of the capacitor. The dielectric material fills the space between the plates. Find the energy $U_{1}$ stored in the capacitor after the dielectric is inserted. Express your answer in terms of $L, d, V_{0}, \kappa$, and constants.
(c) (10 points) The potential difference $V_{1}$ between the capacitor plates after the dielectric has been inserted is (circle one below)
less than $V_{0}$
equal to $V_{0}$
greater than $V_{0}$
7. (40 points total) Consider the circuit shown. The terminal voltage of the battery is $V_{\mathrm{ab}}=120 \mathrm{~V}$.
(a) (20 points) Each resistor dissipates 100 W . Calculate $R_{1}, R_{2}$, and $R_{3}$. Clearly indicate any OSEs you use.

(b) (10 points) If the battery has an internal resistance of $r=0.8 \Omega$, what is its emf?
(c) (10 points) A non-ideal ammeter is connected to measure the current passing through $R_{1}$. How does the power dissipated in $R_{1}$ change? (Circle one of the answers below.)
increases
does not change decreases
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8. (40 points total) In the circuit shown, $R=50 \mathrm{k} \Omega, V=25$ volts, and $C=10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. The capacitor is initially uncharged.

(a) (10 points) What is the initial current through the resistor immediately after the switch is set to position a?
(b) (20 points) What is the voltage across the capacitor 1 second after the switch is set to a?
(c) (10 points) The capacitor is allowed to fully charge. The switch is then set to position b. How much time elapses after the switch is set to position b until the charge stored in the capacitor is equal to one-fourth of its fully-charged value?
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9. (40 points total) A particle of mass $M$ and positive charge $Q$ enters a region (indicated by the shaded area) of uniform magnetic field, moving initially with a velocity $\vec{v}=v_{0} \hat{\mathbf{j}}$. The particle moves in a circular path in the $x y$-plane and crosses the $x$-axis at $x=-D$.
(a) (5 points) What is the direction of the magnetic field?

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\begin{array}{lllll}
\text { Circle one: } & +\hat{\mathrm{k}} & -\hat{\mathrm{k}} & +\hat{\mathrm{i}} & -\hat{\mathrm{i}}
\end{array}
$$


(b) (20 points) Begin with starting equations and calculate the magnitude of the magnetic field. Express your answer in terms of parameters given in the statement of the problem.
(c) (15 points) A second particle of unknown mass having the same charge $Q$ and the same initial velocity $v_{0} \hat{\mathrm{j}}$ moves in a circular path in the magnetic field region and crosses the x -axis at $x=-0.6 \mathrm{D}$. Begin with starting equations or an equation you derived in part (b), and calculate the mass of the second particle. Express your answer in terms of $M$.

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