

Physics 24 Exam 3

April 22, 2014

Exam Total

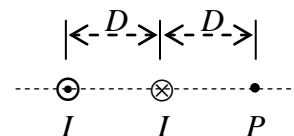
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Printed Name: _____

Rec. Sec. Letter: _____

Five multiple choice questions, 8 points each. Choose the **best** or **most nearly correct** answer.

_____ 1. Two long straight wires are parallel and a distance D apart. Both wires carry constant current I in opposite directions, as shown in the diagram. What is the **magnitude** of the magnetic field at point P , located a distance D to the right of the right-hand wire?

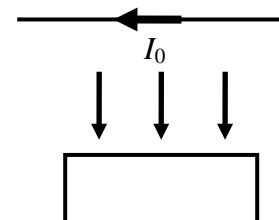


- [A] 0 [B] $\frac{\mu_0 I}{4\pi D}$ [C] $\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi D}$ [D] $\frac{\mu_0 I}{\pi D}$

_____ 2. A long solenoid of n turns per meter and radius R carries a current I . If the radius R is increased to $2R$ while keeping I constant, then the magnitude of the magnetic field at the center of the solenoid

- [A] remains unchanged [B] increases by a factor of 2
[C] decreases by a factor of 2 [D] decreases by a factor of 4.

_____ 3. A long straight wire carries a constant current I_0 . A conducting rectangular loop is pushed away from the wire as shown. The induced current in the loop is



- [A] [B] [C] \odot [D] \otimes

_____ 4. The average radiation pressure on a totally absorbing solar panel is P_{rad} when it is a distance R from a source. What is the radiation pressure when the panel is a distance $2R$ from the source? Assume the source radiates in all directions.

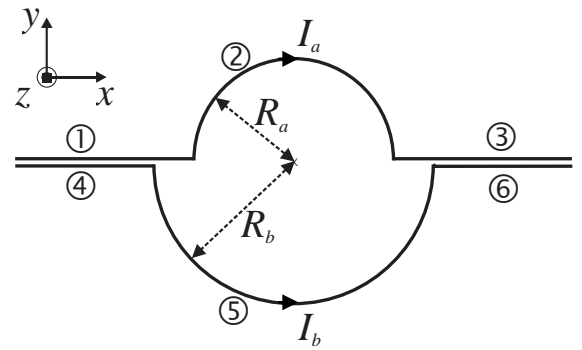
- [A] $4P_{\text{rad}}$ [B] $2P_{\text{rad}}$ [C] $P_{\text{rad}}/2$ [D] $P_{\text{rad}}/4$

_____ 5. True or false? Dogs prefer to align themselves along a magnetic north-south axis when barking.

- [A] True [B] False



7. (40 points total) Two parallel wires carry currents I_a and I_b from left to right. The wires form semicircles with radii R_a and R_b and center P as shown in the figure. (The small distance between the parallel wires can be neglected.)



(a) (15 points) Calculate the magnetic field \vec{B}_a that the current I_a produces at point P . Express your answer in unit vector notation. You must consider all three segments of wire a.

(b) (15 points) Calculate the magnetic field \vec{B}_b that the current I_b produces at point P . Express your answer in unit vector notation. You must consider all three segments of wire b.

(c) (5 points) Find the total magnetic field \vec{B} at point P . Express your answer in unit vector notation.

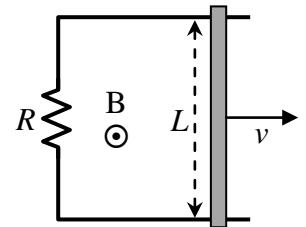
(d) (5 points) At what value of the ratio I_a/I_b , if any, does the total magnetic field \vec{B} vanish?

8. (30 points total) A metal bar is being pulled with constant speed v along two parallel horizontal frictionless metal tracks separated by a distance L , as shown in the diagram. Throughout the region of the tracks there is a constant magnetic field of magnitude B , directed out of the page. A light bulb of resistance R is attached across the two tracks as shown.

(a) (10 points) The direction of the induced current in the apparatus is:

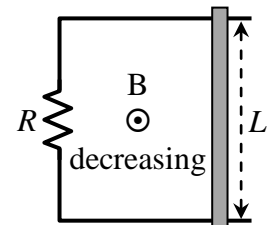
circle one:

(b) (20 points) **Derive an algebraic expression** for the speed v with which the bar must be pulled to generate power P_0 in the light bulb. Start the problem only with equations from the equation sheet. Express your answer in terms of the parameters B , L , R , and P_0 .



(c) (10 points) Assume the bar is welded to the tracks so that it no longer moves. Instead, the magnetic field is decreased at a constant rate. During the time the magnetic field is decreasing, the direction of the current in the apparatus is:

circle one:



9. (40 points total) The power delivered into the cylindrical beam of a helium-neon laser of the type often found in physics laboratories is 10.0 mW. The light produced by the laser has a wavelength of 633 nm. Using a lens, the cylindrical beam emerging from the laser is focused onto a circular spot of a radius $r = 800$ nm on the surface of a black absorbing sheet of plastic whose surface is oriented at right angles to the beam. The plastic sheet has a cross sectional area much larger than that of the beam. All solutions must start with an Official Starting Equation, and numerical answers must include units.

(a)(8 points) Calculate the frequency f of the light produced by this laser.

OSE:

(b) (8 points) Determine the intensity I of the laser light at the point where it is focused onto the plastic sheet.

OSE:

(c) (8 points) Determine the electric field amplitude of the laser light at the point where it is focused onto the plastic sheet.

OSE:

(d) (8 points) What is the average total energy-per-unit-volume in the laser beam at the point where it is focused onto the plastic sheet?

OSE:

(e) (8 points) What average force F is exerted on the plastic sheet by the laser light focused on it?

OSE: