

**Physics 2135 End-Material Test**

May 11, 2016

**EM Test Total****/ 50**

Printed Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Rec. Sec. Letter: \_\_\_\_\_

Remove only the cover sheet and starting equations from the test before you begin. Write clearly on this page the answer you believe is the best or most nearly correct answer. You may also record the answers on your starting equation sheet for comparison with the answer key, which will be posted after all students have taken the test. When you finish both the 50-point End-Material Test and 200-point Final Exam, turn both in (with all pages, including this page, stapled together). You may keep the starting equation sheet.

Each question is worth 6 points, except question 8 is worth 8 points.

Your answers:

1. \_\_\_B\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_D\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_A\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_D\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_B\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_A\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_C\_\_\_

8. \_\_\_ABCD\_\_\_

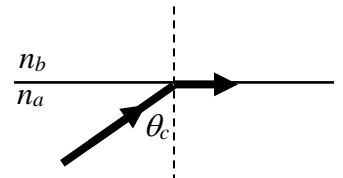
Eight multiple choice questions, 6 points each, except question 8 is worth 8 points. Choose the best or most nearly correct answer.

1. It takes light  $1 \mu\text{s}$  to travel 300 meters in air. How long would it take light to travel 300 meters in glass of index of refraction  $n=1.5$ ?

- [A]  $0.667 \mu\text{s}$
- [B]  $1.5 \mu\text{s}$
- [C]  $2.0 \mu\text{s}$
- [D]  $3.0 \mu\text{s}$

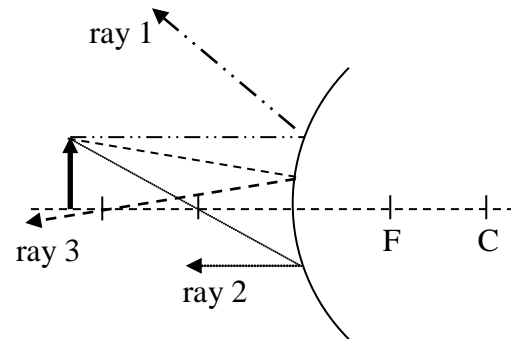
2. Light traveling in a medium of index of refraction  $n_a$  is incident at an angle  $\theta$  on a second medium of index of refraction  $n_b$ . In order for total internal reflection to occur, it must be true that

- [A]  $n_a < n_b$  and  $\theta$  is less than the critical angle.
- [B]  $n_a < n_b$  and  $\theta$  is greater than the critical angle.
- [C]  $n_a > n_b$  and  $\theta$  is less than the critical angle.
- [D]  $n_a > n_b$  and  $\theta$  is greater than the critical angle.



3. Which of the three rays in the ray diagram to the right is a valid principal ray for illustrating image formation for a convex mirror?

- [A] ray 1 — · · · · ·
- [B] ray 2 · · · · ·
- [C] ray 3 - - - - -



4. An object is placed 20 cm away from a lens. The resulting image is 10 cm from the lens and is on the same side of the lens as the object. The image is \_\_\_\_\_ and the lens is \_\_\_\_\_.

- [A] real, converging.
- [B] real, diverging.
- [C] virtual, converging.
- [D] virtual, diverging.

