## **Physics 2135 Final Exam**

December 18, 2014

## **Exam Total**

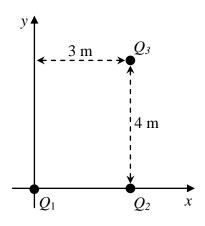
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Printed Name:

Rec. Sec. Letter: \_\_\_\_\_

1. (40 points total) Three point charges  $Q_1 = +5$  C,  $Q_2 = -9$  C,  $Q_3 = +25$  C are located at the positions shown in the diagram. **Express all of your answers in unit vector notation.** 

(a) (15 points) Find the Coulomb force on  $Q_1$  due to  $Q_2$ .

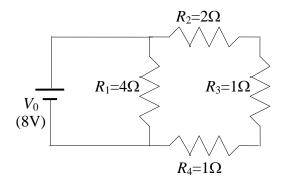


(b) (15 points) Find the Coulomb force on  $Q_1$  due to  $Q_3$ .

(c) (10 points) Find the net force on  $Q_1$  due to the other two point charges.

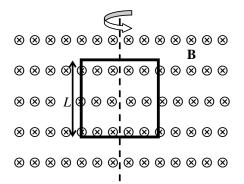
2. (20 points total) For the resistor circuit shown,  $R_1 = 4 \Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 2 \Omega$ ,  $R_3 = 1 \Omega$ ,  $R_4 = 1 \Omega$ , and  $V_0 = 8 \text{ V}$ .

(a) (10 points) Find the equivalent resistance of this circuit.



(b) (10 points) Determine the power dissipated by resistor  $R_2$ .

3. (20 points total) A square conducting coil with sides of length L contains N turns of wire. The coil is rotated about a vertical axis through its center (see figure) in a region of uniform magnetic field B directed into the plane of the paper. The coil is initially (t=0) oriented so that its plane coincides with that of the paper. At a **short** time t later, the coil has rotated through a **small** angle  $\theta = \omega t$  from its initial orientation, and the emf in the coil is  $\varepsilon$ .

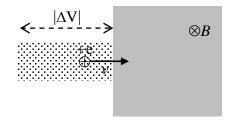


(a) (10 points) What best describes the direction of the induced current in the coil at time t?

CLOCKWISE COUNTERCLOCKWISE (circle one)

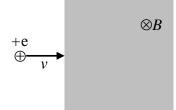
(b) (10 points) Derive the expression for the angular frequency  $\omega$  of the coil in terms of L, N, B, t and  $\varepsilon$ . Begin with a starting equation, and show all the steps leading to your answer. Use the small-angle approximation  $\sin \theta \approx \theta$  in your calculation.

- 4. (40 points total) A mass spectrometer as seen in the figure applies a potential difference of 2.00 kV to accelerate a singly charged ion with a charge of +e and mass  $M = 5.95 \times 10^{-25}$  kg. After the acceleration, the ion enters a perpendicular magnetic field region where a uniform magnetic field of B = 0.400 T causes the ion to follow a circular path.
- (a) (15 points) Calculate the speed v of the ion when it leaves the region of potential difference where it was accelerated.



(b) (20 points) Calculate the radius of the circular path the ion follows while it moves in the magnetic field region.

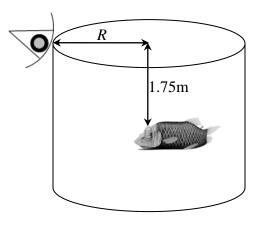
(c) (5 points) Suppose the magnetic field exists everywhere in the shaded region in the figure and is directed into the page. Draw in the figure the path the ion follows. Support your answer with a *brief* explanation or physical relation.



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5. (40 points total) A diverging lens has a focal length of *magnitude* 20.0 cm. The lens forms an image which is one fourth as tall as the object. The image appears on the same side of the lens as

6. (20 points) You observe your pet fish swimming at the center of a cylindrical tank full of fresh water (n=1.33). When you put your eye at the top rim of the tank you can't see the fish until it swims to a depth of 1.75 m. Below that depth you are able to see the fish. What is the radius R of the tank?



7. (20 points) When light shines into a crocodile's eye, the reflected light appears as a red glow, referred to as eyeshine. You are tasked with designing glass eyes that mimic this effect. To do so, you plan to apply a thin coating of zinc sulfide ( $n_c$ =2.32) to crown glass ( $n_g$ =1.52) in order to strongly reflect light of wavelength 633 nm in air. What is the minimum thickness that will work?