Let P(n) be the propositional function

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}.$$

We show that

$$(1) \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \quad P(n)$$

is true.

## 1. First Step

Since  $1 = \frac{1 \cdot 2}{2}$ , we find that

$$(2) P(1)$$

is true.

## 2. Second Step

Let  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . If P(n) is false, then  $P(n) \to P(n+1)$  is true. Now assume that P(n) is true. Then

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} k = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}.$$

Hence

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n+1} k = \sum_{k=1}^{n} k + (n+1)$$

$$= \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + (n+1)$$

$$= \frac{n(n+1) + 2(n+1)}{2}$$

$$= \frac{(n+2)(n+1)}{2}$$

so that P(n+1) is true, and now  $P(n) \to P(n+1)$  is true. Altogether, we now find that

(3) 
$$\forall n \in \mathbb{N} \quad P(n) \to P(n+1)$$

is true.

## 3. Conclusion

Since the statements (2) and (3) are both true, we use the *Principle* of Mathematical Induction to conclude that (1) is true.