- 83. Let f be summable. Show that the set  $X(f \ge \alpha)$  has measure less than or equal to  $(1/\alpha) \int_X f d\mu$ . This is Chebyschev's inequality.
- 84. Let f be summable with  $\int_X f d\mu < \infty$ . Show that f is finite almost everywhere on X.
- 85. Suppose that f attains the values  $c_1, c_2, \ldots$  (countably many) on exactly the (measurable) sets  $A_1, A_2, \ldots$  Calculate  $\int_X f d\mu$ .
- 86. Let f be the Dirichlet function. Find  $\int_{\mathbb{R}} f d\mu$ , where the measure space is  $(\mathbb{R}, \mathcal{A}_L, \mu_L)$ .
- 87. Let f be a sequence with nonnegative numbers. Find  $\int_{\mathbb{N}} f d\mu$ , where the measure space is  $(\mathbb{N}, \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N}), \mu)$  with  $\mu(A) = |A|$  for  $A \subset \mathbb{N}$ .
- 88. Let  $f_n$  be functions defined on X = [0,1] by  $f_n(x) = n$  for 0 < x < 1/n and 0 otherwise. Does the L-integral of  $f_n$  converge to the L-integral of the limit of  $f_n$  as  $n \to \infty$ ?
- 89. Assume f is integrable (on a complete measure space). If  $g \sim f$ , then show that g is integrable.
- 90. Assume f and g are integrable with  $f \sim g$ . Show that the integrals of f and g are the same.
- 91. Let f, g, h be integrable and g, h be nonnegative with f = g h. Show that  $\int_X f d\mu = \int_X g d\mu - \int_X h d\mu$ .