40. A US Treasury bond pays a $9 \%$ coupon on Jan 7 and Jul 7 . How much interest accrues per $\$ 100$ of principal to the bondholder between Jul 7, 2023 and Aug 9, 2023? How would your answer be different if it were a corporate bond?
41. It is Jan 9, 2023. The price of a Treasury bond with a $14 \%$ coupon that matures on Oct 12, 2025, is quoted as 102-07. What is the cash price?
42. Suppose that the Treasury bond futures price is 101-12. Which of the following four bonds is cheapest to deliver?

| Bond | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Price | $125-05$ | $142-15$ | $115-31$ | $144-02$ |
| Conversion Factor | 1.2131 | 1.3792 | 1.1149 | 1.4026 |

43. The futures price for the Jun 2023 CBOT bond futures contract is 11823.
(a) Find the conversion factor for a $10 \%$-coupon bond maturing on Jan 1, 2039.
(b) Find the conversion factor for a $7 \%$-coupon bond maturing on Oct 1, 2044.
(c) Suppose that the quoted prices of the bonds in (a) and (b) are 169.00 and 136.00 , respectively. Which bond is cheaper to deliver?
(d) Assuming that the cheapest-to-deliver bond is actually delivered on June 25, what is the cash price received for the bond?
44. It is Jul 30, 2023. The cheapest-to-deliver bond in a Sep 2023 Treasury bond futures contract is a $13 \%$ coupon bond, and delivery is expected to be made on Sep 30, 2023. Coupon payments on the bond are made on Feb 4 and Aug 4 each year. The term structure is flat, and the rate of interest with semiannual compounding is $12 \%$ pa. The conversion factor of the bond is 1.5 . The current bond price is $\$ 110$. Calculate the quoted futures price for the contract.
